Press kit 2022

The Baron Gérard Museum of Art and History

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MAHB

The Baron Gérard Museum of Art and History

The old museum, which no longer met safety standards, was closed in 2001 by order of the Prefect. After 10 years of study and 4 years of work, the Baron Gérard Museum was renamed the MAHB, (Baron Gérard Museum of Art and History). The inauguration took place on 23rd March 2013, under the patronage of the French Ministry of Culture.

The rich collections held at the MAHB make it a museum of reference in Normandy: 600 works of art including 250 paintings and engravings (by Philippe de Champaigne, François Boucher, Gustave Caillebotte, Eugène Boudin, and Kees Van Dongen...), 1000 items of Bayeux porcelain and lace, and 800 archaeological and ethnographical artefacts...

Situated in the historical centre of Bayeux, adjacent to the cathedral, the MAHB offers more than 2500m² of exhibition space, in the most prestigious parts of the Bishop’s Palace (11th – 16th Century). The museum, which bears the label « Musée de France », has seen its original surface area doubled. The scenography was entirely re-thought, offering an innovative design where the original features of the palace interact with modern materials. The Episcopal palace is a protected Historical Monument, at the heart of Bayeux's heritage development programme and is one of the most remarkable urban residences in Normandy.
The rebirth of the museum

An architectural odyssey
The restoration of the cathedral ensemble began in 2008 with an initial phase of work devoted to the Episcopal chapel, dating from the Renaissance. Reserved for the sole use of the bishops of Bayeux up until the Revolution, its construction was commissioned by a bishop of Italian origin, Louis De Canossa (1516-1531). In the chapel, the ceiling was restored, revealing an exceptional interior decor dating from the 17th Century, depicting a concert of angels.

When work began on the body of the building, architects made an unexpected discovery. Hidden beneath the old bakery, the Gothic chapel of the palace (whose existence was unknown at the time), revealed the remains of arched windows. These architectural features were immediately included in the design. Upon entering the museum, visitors can measure the exceptional historical character of the museum’s setting.

Collections are enhanced by the scenography
The Episcopal palace shows different eras of construction and interior decoration, from the Medieval period to the 21st Century. The variety of architectural styles allows visitors to approach the museum from two different angles: the building itself and the exhibits. The works from the Middle Ages naturally found their place under the 11th Century cross vaults, whilst examples of Bayeux lace are displayed in the Bishop’s private apartments, decorated with 18th Century woodwork.

Light reveals each object in its integrity. The collections of Bayeux porcelain are displayed in contemporary glass showcases and are sometimes presented in no particular order, evoking the porcelain manufacture. In some rooms, picture rails, display cabinets and furniture have been designed to captivate the visitor when discovering the collections for the first time.

Historical background
Founded in 1793, the Art and History Museum of Bayeux evolved with the successive donations of various collectors. But it is the Baron Henri-Alexandre Gérard (1818-1903) who is considered its true founder. Deputy of Bayeux and art lover, the Baron H-A Gérard was also and foremost the only heir of another illustrious Baron Gérard...

The Baron François Gérard (1770-1837) was a painter and pupil of David. He was celebrated as a portrait artist but also excelled at history painting. He was appointed first painter to Empress Josephine in 1806 and first painter to King Louis XVIII in 1817.
A journey through 5000 years of History

The MAHB is renowned for its art collections, covering every aspect of creation, from the geological formation of the Earth, to the present era. The major schools of thought, whether philosophical, political or religious, associated with the principal art movements, are all represented in the museum.

A chronological visit in 14 stages

In order to guide visitors and facilitate their understanding of the exhibits, the visit to the museum has been organised in 14 chronological stages, over an exhibition area of 1500m² divided on two floor levels. As they arrive, visitors walk into the vestiges of the medieval chapel, which houses the entrance hall and the boutique. The ground floor comprises the five first stages, from Prehistory to the Renaissance. On the first floor, 9 exhibition rooms include collections from the 17th to the 20th Centuries.

Major works of artistic creation

Amongst the collections, visitors will notice the exceptional ensemble of walls paintings from a Gallo-Roman Domus of the late 1st Century. The fragments were found in 1995 during excavations conducted in a street of Bayeux. The museum also owns the oldest bell with inscription and preserved in France; it was founded in 1202. The old monumental staircase leads to the Bishop’s former courtroom, and later tribunal, which presents a magnificent ceiling with oak panelling dating from the 17th Century. The impressionist movement is also represented in the museum with a painting by Gustave Caillebotte « Portraits à la Campagne » (see insert). Amongst other remarkable works, the MAHB owns an extraordinary collection of 150 engravings by the greatest lithographers of the first half of the 20th Century, including Bonnard, Bourdelle, Dufy, Maillol, Matisse, Rouault, Utrillo and Vlaminck.
Bayeux lace and porcelain

The MAHB dedicates several exhibition rooms to Bayeux lace and porcelain, local skills which have produced internationally renowned creations.

Bayeux lace

The salon - decorated with mid 18th Century woodwork, and the only vestige of the Bishop’s apartment - is the showcase for the museum’s lace collections. Bobbin lace was introduced in Bayeux on the Bishop’s initiative during the 17th Century. The craft reached its peak in the 19th Century, when Bayeux was elevated to the forefront of fashion design. The most luxurious pieces of lace are displayed in a salon resembling a Haute-Couture showroom, whilst technical aspects are presented in the atmosphere of a lacemaker’s workshop.

Bayeux porcelain

A space entirely dedicated to Bayeux Porcelain (1812-1951) occupies the first floor of the new building and serves as a “bridge” between the 19th and 20th Centuries. The collection provides a summary of the evolution in taste in the decorative arts over a century and a half. The contemporary architecture of the museum emphasises the modernity of fireproof porcelain produced for the chemical industry: 3000 pieces manufactured just after the war are on display here.

Designs and motifs

Three dynasties of porcelain makers succeeded one another in Bayeux: the Morlent, the Gosse and the Langlois. Whilst one took its inspiration in the East with the blue red and gold motif, another introduced floral designs such as the cornflower, the daisy and the apple blossom...

In Bayeux, lace-makers created pieces in black silk, “Chantilly” or in unbleached silk with a moiré effect called “Blondes de Caen”. Shawls, stoles, and trimmings for umbrellas and fans were exported throughout the world and worn by the most celebrated ladies in Europe.
Visits to the museum

Re-housed in the old Episcopal palace of Bayeux, the MAHB, (Baron Gérard Museum of Art and History) offers a chronological voyage throughout the history of artistic creation, from prehistoric times to the 20th Century. The visit is organised in 14 stages.

The 14 stages of the visit

1/ The origins: The Gothic chapel and the creation of the museum
2/ Prehistory: Archaeological vestiges in le Bessin
3/ Gallo Roman culture: The wealth of Augustodurum, the antique city Bayeux
4/ The Middle-Ages: Medieval collections and the Romanesque vaults
5/ The Renaissance: The influence of the Italian and Northern schools of art
6/ The 17th Century: Grand Siècle collections at the palace
7/ From palace to court of justice: the courtroom
8/ The chapel: A gem in the Bishop’s residence
9/ The 18th Century: From the Fêtes Galantes to the Revolution
10/ The 19th Century: the Gérard room, the French Empire and the Restoration
11/ Bayeux lace: the Bishops’ salon as a showcase
12/ The 19th Century: the Caillebotte room, from the Romantic Movement to Neo-impressionism
13/ Bayeux porcelain: a bridge to the 20th Century
14/ The 20th Century: a contemporary outlook

A floor plan of the museum is available for free at the ticket office.
News and calendar of events

A new painting by Gustave Caillebotte in the MAHB collections

Last October, the City of Bayeux announced the arrival at MAHB of a second painting by Gustave Caillebotte, *Paysage à Argenteuil*. Since 1 February 2020, the public can discover the work of art that has taken place in the museum, with another work of impressionist painter Portraits in the countryside. The two paintings have indeed a common origin. They were offered by Gustave Caillebotte himself to his cousin Zoé. *Portraits à la campanè* was, moreover, a gift from the artist for Zoé’s marriage to Mr. Fermal in Bayeux in 1887. Following the wish of Mr. François Chaplain, Zoé Fermal’s grandson, the two paintings are together again, thus extending the intimate bond between the artist and his Norman family.

Staying in Bayeux

Access
Bayeux is situated 260 km from Paris and 30 km from Caen.
By car: A13 and A84
By train: line Paris-Cherbourg, the train station is situated 500 m from the museum.
By air: Caen-Carpiquet Airport -20 km
By ferry: The terminal of Caen-Ouistreham is 30 km away

Tourist Office of Bayeux
Pont Saint-Jean - 14400 Bayeux
Tél. 02.31.51.28.28
www.bessin-normandie.com

Calvados Tourisme
8 rue Renoir – 14054 Caen Cedex 4
Tél. 02.31.27.90.30
www.calvados-tourisme.com
The museum: key figures

Surface areas of the museum

- 2 100 m² of refurbished interior spaces
- + 400 m² newly built glasshouse
- 1 500 m² dedicated to the exhibition of collections

Collections presented to the public

- 600 works of art (paintings, sculptures, engravings, drawings and photographs including 26 works of art submitted by the State from collections of the Louvre and the Orsay Museum.
- 1 000 pieces of Bayeux porcelain and lace
- 800 archaeological and ethnographical pieces
- 97 works of art restored since 2005
- 20 000 works of art have been digitized

Bayeux Museum

Since 2013, the museums of Bayeux have been identified under one trade name: Bayeux Museum. The introduction of combined tickets allows visitors to discover 2 or 3 museums at a preferential rate (see useful information):

- Bayeux Tapestry
- Memorial Museum of the Battle of Normandy
- MAHB, Baron Gérard Museum of Art and History

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